

Absolutely
Pure...Royal
Baking Powder
Improves the flavor
and adds to the
healthfulness
of the foodROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely PureCOUNTY HAS OVER
135,000 FOR
ROAD WORKCounty Clerk Pitman Re-
ports on Condition of
County Funds.County clerk Park pitman presented
his quarterly report to the county
commissioners Tuesday, showing the
condition of the county finances relative to
bonds, scrip and cash on hand, the net
indebtedness of the county Jan. 31, 1910,
being \$203,924.75.

Following is a summary:

	Bonds.	Scrip.	Cash.
Jury fund		\$ 49,422.32	\$ 21,095.00
Road and bridge fund		4,157.23	14,159.29
General fund		1,727.65	23,015.29
Court house and jail fund	23,000		1,353.44
Jail improvement	10,000		212.06
Jail addition	25,000		7,553.88
Court house addition	28,000		450.08
Road improvement and maintenance	250,000		121,673.64
Funded indebtedness			1,133.44
Van Horn school house	2,000		7,709.00
Ysleta-El Paso road	8,000		267.02
Ysleta fund			150.21
Balance		\$346,000.00	203,924.75
Total		\$401,308.49	\$401,308.49
Net county indebtedness, Jan. 31, 1910—\$203,924.75.			
Total scrip issued during quarter—\$123,596.06.			

TWO YOUNG MEN
HELD BY POLICEBoth Deny Being in Store,
Where Girl Says She
Saw Them.Charles H. Preston and Nixon O'Neil
Christy were declared at the police
station this morning by Miss Maria
Mendoza to be the two men she had
seen in the store of H. L. Stewart,
South Stanton street, shortly after 10
o'clock Tuesday night. The men stoutly
denied the charge.Miss Mendoza, who is employed as
bookkeeper at the furniture store, was
passing there on her way home, accom-
panied by a Mrs. Hernandez, when she
noticed two men acting suspiciously.
One of them was standing back of the
safe and the other was in front of the
store calling to his companion to
hurry. She went to a nearby telephone
and communicated with her employer,
who hurried to the scene on horseback.
However, when he reached the store,
he found the safe had not been opened
and nothing was missing from the
store. He tried to get into communi-
cation with his bookkeeper by tele-
phone, but says he found that the line
had been cut and then went to a near-
by saloon.Just as he had received a descrip-
tion from his bookkeeper he turned
from the phone and saw two young
men answering the description fur-
nished, standing near by. He asked
them to walk back to the store with
him and they readily complied with his
request and made no effort to get
away. They were all met at the store
by detectives who took them into cus-
tody and docketed them as suspicious
characters.At the station this morning the girl
said they were the men she saw in
the store, though they both declared
they were guiltless and had simply
been walking around seeking some di-
version.Preston said he had come from Tor-
reon, Mexico, and had met Christy,
who claimed to have come from Doug-
las, Ariz., in this city.For Health and Strength
The best diet for health and strength according
to scientific knowledge isDR. PRICE'S
ALGRAIN
FOODThe highest condition of mind and body will be maintained
with the daily use of this food. Composed of WHEAT, OATS, RICE,
and BARLEY, its building up properties and nutritive value is
higher than any single cereal. The only food of its kind ever made.
Ask your Grocer.

EL PASO HERALD

Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta a Model One
Present Home of Banker Morse Not a Waldorf-Astoria, but
Sanitary and Comfortable--All Convicts
Look Alike to the Warden

It is probable that no prison in the United States or elsewhere would furnish Banker Charles W. Morse such excellent accommodations as he is receiving in the federal prison near Atlanta, Ga., which he entered Jan. 3 to begin serving a sentence of fifteen years upon conviction of violating the national banking laws. This institution since it was opened in 1902 has been gaining increasing respect as a model prison. It is constructed and conducted upon lines calculated to prove to the sociologist that Uncle Sam

probability are more healthful lodgings than the average hotel room. They are eminently sanitary, plenty of sunlight and fresh air being in circulation. There is running water, too, though whether "hot and cold" is not specified in the descriptions furnished. There is no choice of apartments, each of the cells being of one size—seven feet eleven inches high, five feet ten inches wide, eight feet six inches long. There are two bunks, one above the other. If a prisoner has a cellmate he is expected to be sociable, but he is not permitted

well behaved prisoner wears a suit of dark blue. On the back of the blouse or coat, behind the shoulders, are his prison number and the letters "U. S. P.," meaning United States prison. So long as a convict behaves he is entitled to wear his hair according to his custom and ditto as to his mustache.

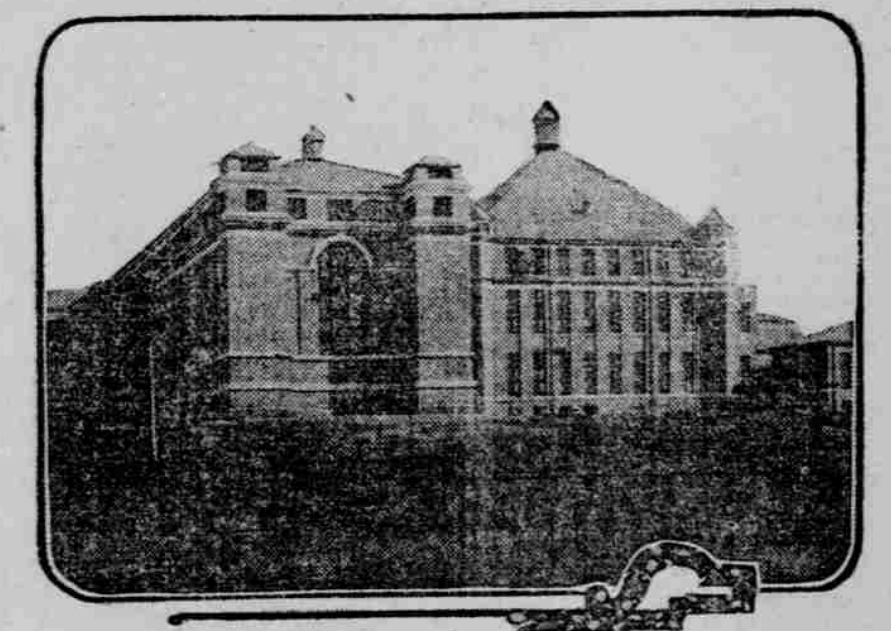
The main building once entered, the prisoner finds himself effectively shut from the outside world. There is a solid stone wall inclosing twenty-five acres. Outside the walls lie more than 200 acres of prison territory, much of which is cultivated by convicts, who thus help to provide their own food. The workshops are inside the walls. The wall is rounded all along the top to prevent any prisoner eager to get out from throwing a rock that will catch. Sentries' stalls are placed at intervals on the walls, steps leading up to them from the exterior.

Outside the cell building, but inside the walls, is a tent town for the housing of tubercular patients. These men sleep in the tents, where they get more fresh air than even the well ventilated cells afford. There is a skillful surgical and medical corps. Some of the convicts are doctors. Those who are competent help the prison surgeon at operations.

There is no lock step in this prison. The convicts march to and from their meals two by two in military manner. They must stay in their cells from 6 to 9 o'clock in the evening, when lights are put out and they go to bed. All day Sunday, except during religious services, which all are required to attend in the big assembly hall, they remain in their cells. There is a prison library of 6,000 volumes, from which books may be borrowed at will. From 6 to 7 each evening is music hour. Any convict is entitled to keep his favorite musical instrument, such as a fiddle, guitar or banjo, and play it during that hour if he likes. As there are several hundred negro convicts, it goes without saying that there's music in the air like that way down upon the old plantation.

Violation of internal revenue laws takes more prisoners to the Atlanta suburb than any other crime. Counterfeiting comes next—close second. Prisoners sentenced to ten years or more are allowed ten days off each month for good behavior. This reduces the Morse sentence to ten years.

ROBERT DONNELL



MAIN BUILDING, FEDERAL PRISON, ATLANTA, GA.

does not entertain the ancient notion that punishment for crime should be as severe as possible.

The constitution of the United States expressly prohibits "cruel and unusual punishments." Compared with that meted out in some of the state prisons, the punishment of federal convicts at Atlanta is unusual in being comparatively light, but it is not a whit more cruel than the law allows. In fact, Warden Moyer actually tries to make things as comfortable as possible for his guests.

Of course the big main building wherein the cells are located is not a Waldorf-Astoria in appointments, but neither is it a hasty. The cells in all

to converse with other convicts. This model prison is not a club, after all.

Convicts at Atlanta have no trouble opening and closing their doors. Those duties are done for them by attendants. All the cell doors in a tier open and close at once by a sort of clockwork apparatus. There are five tiers of cells—just the average number of tiers in an apartment house in New York, the home town of Convict Moore.

Prisoners who are of good deportment have privileges, but no one convict has any privileges not shared by any other who behaves himself. Warden Moyer says all convicts look alike to him, except the bad ones, who are made to wear stripes until they get good. The

EL PASO'S FIRST AUTOMOBILE FIRE
ENGINE ARRIVES FROM ST. LOUISCombination Chemical Is
Equipped With a Turret
Nozzle—Machine Cost the
City \$5,000.

El Paso's first automobile fire engine arrived from St. Louis this morning and was unloaded at the G. H. depot, whence it was hauled behind the central chemical wagon to the Central fire station and within a day or two it will be given a try out on the city streets.

Acting mayor Robinson, alderman Hewitt and C. M. Barber inspected the machine this morning and save for two cuts on the right rear tire found it in good condition. However, it was decided not to run it under its own power until the inspector from the factory arrives to make a test of it.

The new chemical and combination hose wagon, which will carry six firemen, cost the city \$5,000 and was bought from the Robinson company in St. Louis. It carries a 2 1/2 gallon chemical tank, two extension ladders, picks and axes, and there are four small Babcock extinguishers on the sides and rear.

There are four lanterns, two being powerful search lights on the front, and the whole machine is painted in red with the initials "E. P. F. D." painted on the hood and sides of the truck. The tires are exceedingly heavy and the engine is the most powerful on any automobile yet exhibited in El Paso with the exception of Barney Oldfield's racing machine.

There is a turret nozzle on the front of the machine, which can be used for shooting a stream in the air the height of three ordinary stories right into a building, much in the fashion of water towers used in the larger cities.

On the front of the machine is a large bronze bell similar to those used on locomotive engines and a screech owl whistle will be installed so that the automobile may have a clear passage in getting to a fire. This whistle is present in use so that all persons will know the fire-engine is coming and get out of the way.

YSLETA GIRL SHOOT
AT BOLD INTRUDERCases of Measles at Ysleta
Number 150—Lower
Valley Notes.

Ysleta, Tex., March 16.—While Miss Pannell Wahl and her little brother were alone a man tried to force his way into the house. Miss Wahl's revolver contained only one cartridge, but she pluckily opened the door and fired at the intruder. He ran, shouting that he would be back again.

After scaring him away, Miss Wahl and her brother came up town for more cartridges and another gun. They went back and waited for the man to reappear, but he did not show up again.

There are 150 cases of measles in and around Ysleta. During the first of the siege no serious illness resulted, but there are several serious cases now.

Max Schurz has gone to St. Louis on business. Mr. Schurz accompanied him as far as El Paso.

Percy Peterman has returned to the Gold Gulch mining property in New Mexico.

Robert Strahm, of Corsicana, is the guest of his brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Curry.

HAY SHIPMENTS
FROM CLINT, TEXASStorage Hay to Be Disposed
of This Month—Build-
ing Remodeled.

Clint, Tex., March 16.—Three to five carloads of hay per day are being shipped from this place, and most of the hay held in storage will be disposed of this month. The new crop will come on about May 15, and promises to be a heavy one.

The old adobe building recently vacated by C. M. McKinney & Co., is being remodeled, and will be occupied by H. D. Camp.

J. A. Hinson and family have gone to St. Louis, Tex., where they will put out a large crop of cotton.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. V. H. Hunt a daughter.

W. F. Whitaker and wife left lately for Ellinger, Tex., where they go to visit friends.

Carloads of goods are arriving and being unloaded by McKinney & Co., at their new store.

There will be a concert at Schairer hall Thursday evening and supper will be served.

VARNISH FIRE APPARATUS.

All the fire apparatus at the various stations has been varnished by the firemen with the exception of the hook and ladder truck on which the men are working today.

One Million Dollars
for a Good StomachThis Offer Should Be a
Warning to Every Man
And Woman.

The newspapers and medical journals have had much to say relative to a famous millionaire's offer of a million dollars for a new stomach.

This great multi-millionaire was too busy to worry about the condition of his stomach. He allowed his body to run from bad to worse until in the end it became incurable. His misfortune should serve as a warning to others. Everyone who suffers with dyspepsia for a few years will give everything he owns for a new stomach.

Dyspepsia is caused by an abnormal state of the gastric juices. There is one element missing—Pepsin. The absence of this destroys the function of the gastric fluids. They lose their power to digest food.

We are now able to supply the pepsin in a form almost identical to that naturally created by the system when in normal health, so that it restores to the gastric juices their digestive power, and thus makes the stomach strong and well.

We want everyone troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia to come to our store and obtain a box of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets. They contain Bismuth-Subnitrate and Pepsin prepared by a process which develops their greatest power to overcome digestive disturbance.

CARLSBAD SENDS
PROTEST ON
GARFIELDF. G. Tracy Against the Rec-
lamation Service—A Bit
of History.

Carlsbad, N. M., March 16.—The following telegram was sent Tuesday afternoon to the ways and means committee of congress by F. G. Tracy, president of the Pecos Irrigation company, which company formerly owned the Carlsbad project:

Carlsbad, N. M., March 15.
Chairman Committee Ways and Means,
House of Representatives, Washing-
ton, D. C.:

Contradictory testimony before Ballinger-Pinchot inquiry that under secretary Garfield, settlers were warned not to take up residence under reclamation projects until water was ready for delivery, the Carlsbad project was declared open by secretary Garfield and publicly advertised by the reclamation service to irrigate 20,000 acres in December, 1907. According to the reclamation service records, only 15,000 acres has yet been irrigated. Only 6000 could be watered at the time of opening. An impartial investigation will sustain secretary Ballinger's efforts to reform the service.

Francis G. Tracy.

A Bit of History.

Washington, D. C., March 16.—For many months there has been an inclination on the part of certain land owners about Carlsbad to antagonize the reclamation service on the grounds that needless expenditures were made on the Carlsbad project, through mistakes of the engineers. This complaint was registered to senators Carter, Jones and Warren when they visited here last October and the senators told the Carlsbad people then that they would have to stand by the cost of the project. Admitting that the engineers had made some mistakes, senator Carter said in a public speech:

"What man is perfect? What engineer can tell you the exact cost of removing a mountain or excavating a river bed? All engineering tasks are guesses. No two alike. Any engineer will make a mistake. Architects make mistakes that cost the owners of houses money, but the owners have to pay. If the engineers made a mistake, it was only human; you will have to pay the entire cost of the Carlsbad project. These engineers were your agents and there are as good engineers as you can find anywhere."

MARATHON HAS
BUILDING BOOMTwelve New Residences Are
Going Up—Water Plant
Is Enlarged.

Marathon, Tex., March 16.—Twelve new residences are being built in Marathon, and one new business house is being constructed in Marathon.

The deputy sheriff, assisted by a customs officer, captured 17 Mexicans and put them in jail.

The baseball game between the rubber factory force and the local nine resulted in a tie. The score was 9 to 9.

J. G. Reininger has a force of men enlarging his water plant. Mr. Reininger first started this for the benefit of his renters, but it has proved such a success that he will run pipes to a number of neighboring residences.

The oil company has struck two small flows of oil, which has been cased off and is going on down after a gusher.

SHAMROCKS

FREE

TOMORROW

Bryan Bros
THE HABERDASHERS

AMUSEMENTS.

SANFORD DODGE.

The popular young American actor, Sanford Dodge, who makes his annual appearance here Thursday and Friday, March 17 and 18, will produce for the first time in El Paso, the opening night, Thursday, March 17, the great scenic production of "Nero, the Gladiator." A story of ancient Rome and the sacrifice of the Christians. Friday night a big scenic production of "Faust" will be given. Seats are now selling. The lower floor is \$1.00; balcony, 75 cents.

AMATEUR NIGHT.

Three cash prizes will be given to the lucky amateurs Friday night at the Crawford. "If you can sing, dance, do a monologue, or anything to entertain the public, enter the contest, have your name and style of act at the box office," says manager Rich.

SOUVENIRS AT THE MAJESTIC.

Tonight will see another China show at the popular Majestic. In addition to one of the best shows of the season, a souvenir for the women will be given away tonight. Three shows are given nightly—7:30, 9:30 and 11:30.

"CRAWFORD VAUDEVILLE" BIG HIT

Last night, the second night of vaudeville, at the Crawford, shows "which way the wind blows," for there was a large crowd out. Every act was applauded, the echo and took encore after encore. The "Juggling Malcoms," "the daring cyclists," Frank Houghton & Co., "the LaMont Bros," singers and dancers, (those spider legs were a real hit).

Lenord Lohr, the song illustrator, and the pictures all go to make up a splendid vaudeville bill. Two shows are given nightly—7:30 and 9:15. The performance is continuous from 7:30 to 10:30 and patrons can come and go when they like at the Crawford. "The house of safety and comfort."

NACO NEWS NOTES.

Naco, Ariz., March 16.—Shop foreman P. H. Kueck, of the Southern Pacific of Mexico railroad, is repairing and fixing the pumping station formerly used to supply water for motive power to shops and depot. This well is in the United States, but is leased from the E. P. & S. W. railroad management. It is located at the bottom of the hill and curbing has settled at top, putting it out of commission, for the time being. S. W. Boone of El Paso, Texas, is in Naco.

G. C. Barry, well known in El Paso, has returned from a month's visit in California.

The Women's Literary club, of Naco, will meet Thursday, March 17, at the residence of Mrs. J. M. Hall.

Mrs. H. D. McVay is here from Courtland.

Morton With Pan American.

Mexico City, Mexico, March 16.—Announcement is made here of the appointment of Paul R. Morton, president of the Equitable Life Insurance company as vice president of the Pan American railway. The announcement was made by David E. Thompson, former ambassador to Mexico, who is president of the railroad.

HOW HE CURED
HIS CATARRH

I wrote you some time ago, giving you an account of my sufferings with an awful case of Catarrh. I had all the symptoms which accompany this disease, such as mucus dropping back into the throat, a constant desire to "hawk and spit," feeling of dryness in the throat, cough and spitting upon arising, scabs forming in the nose which required much effort to blow out, sometimes causing my nose to bleed and leaving me with a headache. I had thus suffered for five years, all the time trying different local treatments of inhalations, snuffs, douches, etc., with no real good effect. Of course I was greatly discouraged. As soon as I heard from you I commenced S. S. S. as you advised and after using it a short while noticed a change for the better. I continued to take it believing the trouble was in the blood, and S. S. S. made a permanent cure for me. I am now entirely free from Catarrh.

JUDSON A. BELLAM.

224 Randolph St., Richmond, Va.

The symptoms Mr. Bellam describes in his case of Catarrh are familiar to every one who suffers with this disease. For five years he had endured the discomfort and suffering, and was greatly discouraged as one treatment after another failed to cure him. When at last he realized that Catarrh is a blood disease, he knew that the former treatments had been wrong, and only a blood purifier like S. S. S. could produce permanent good results.

Catarrh is not merely an affection of the mucous membranes; it is a deep-seated blood disease in which the entire circulation and greater part of the system are involved. It comes from impurities accumulating in the circulation, and as the blood goes to every portion of the body the catarrhal matter irritates and inflames the different mucous surfaces and tissues causing an unhealthy and inflammatory discharge, and producing the other well known symptoms of the trouble.

The failure of local treatment to produce permanent good results in Catarrh is due entirely to the fact that such measures do not reach the cause of the trouble. Temporary relief and comfort may often be had by using some douche or inhalation, but no cure can be effected until the blood is purified of the irritating cause.

S. S. S. cures Catarrh by cleansing the blood of all impure catarrhal matter, and at the same time building up the system by its unequalled tonic effects. It goes down into the circulation and removes every trace of foreign matter or impurity. In other words S. S. S. cures Catarrh by purifying the blood so that the mucous surfaces and linings of the body are all supplied with healthy blood instead of being irritated and diseased from a continual saturation of catarrhal impurities. Then the inflamed and irritated membranes heal, the discharge is checked, the head noises all

cease, the stomach is toned up, the throat is no longer clogged with phlegm, but every annoying symptom of the disease is corrected. There is but one way to cure Catarrh—purify the blood, and there is but one absolutely safe and sure blood purifier—S. S. S. We have a special book on Catarrh; we will send this book, and also any special medical advice desired free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S. S. S. PURELY VEGETABLE